

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BE IT KNOWN THAT R. W. COX AND J. H. O'NEIL, proprietors of the duplicating letter business, known as The Letter Shop, 322 Southern Bldg., have this 25th day of August, 1914, sold their entire right, title and interest in said business to Wm. Brashaw and Emmett C. Scott. The undersigned hereby assume that they will not be responsible for any obligations incurred in the name of The Letter Shop on or after the date above mentioned date by said Wm. Brashaw and Emmett C. Scott.

SINGLE OR DOUBLE TEAMS FOR HIRE BY DAY, week or month at special rates. "GOOD TIMES," 700 N. PORTLAND STABLES, J. M. PEAKE, Prop., 945 N. Y. Ave.

DO NOT LOCK THE DOOR AND LEAVE THE "ROOF" OPEN. There is more financial loss due to a leaky roof than to many a robbery. Send for our report.

JOHN L. SHEDD, 527 10th St., Ph. M. 214.

THERE IS A COMPLETE LOSS OF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN DISCARDED PAPER ANNUALS, Old newspapers, letters, envelopes, scraps, paper boxes, old books, etc., "scattered," now used in the place of lumber. Buy the Business Men's Paper Press. Reuse it and sell it. Drop card or call for demonstration.

A. P. BERRY, Agent, 631 Pa. Ave. N. W.

STAMPING NEEDLE SHOWER: NO CERTAIN: rubber tubing, no painting, \$6 installed, 5 days' free trial. Drop card. KENNEDY NEEDLE SHOWER CO., 111 Congress Bldg.

MADON LAMIS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME, especially when the lightning bill appears.

JOHN J. O'BRYEN, 111 E. 12th St., Phone M. 7270.

PERSONAL ATTENTION TO REPAIRING IS necessary to keep your car in good condition. Let me show you how to do it. 20 years' experience. JAMES MORRIS WOODWARD, 123 2nd St. N. E.

When the Roofing Experts Repair & Paint the Roof

—you'll get prompt, efficient and honest work. The old roof will be made weatherproof and will last for years to come.

Written guarantee with every job.

Wash. Loan

Grafton & Son, Inc., 411 7th St.

A Busy Fall Season

Will surely follow the line of good printed matter—the kind that's produced in this big shop.

Judd & Detweiler, Inc.

The Big Print Shop, 420-422 11th.

Cash Buyers Save Money

on Palms, Enamels and Floor Stains and get a Paint Brush free here.

HODGKIN'S, CASH PAINT STORE, 911 7th St.

Amateur Photographers Are Keenly Interested

In our plan of awarding a cash prize of \$100 daily for the best negative developed and printed in our Photo Department. Best work assured.

M. A. Leese Optical Co., 614 9th St.

"I NEVER DISAPPOINT."

Boost Your Business

This fall with Adams Printing—the most effective printing in the city.

The Service Shop.

BYRON S. ADAMS, PRINTER, 512 11th St.

LOWEST CASH PRICES

—for the good kinds of Lumber and Millwork, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, etc.

BARKER'S, 649 N. Y. Ave.

ROOFS MUST BE TIGHT!

Your leaky roof can be cured. You can count on thorough work to save your walls and decorations every time. Call 30 more. Please send for our free estimate. Estimates free. 220 11th St. N. E.

IRONCLAD

Company. Phone Main 14.

How About Those Dull Safety Razor Blades?

Are you doing this to yourself? Don't do it. Bring them in to us! We sharpen them with a machine, giving them keen edges. Call for a demonstration.

RUDOLPH & WEST CO., 1332 N. Y. Ave.

PAINT FOR ALL PURPOSES

WHY NOT THE BEST PAINT? Costs no more than the ordinary kind. We have everything for interior and exterior use. Enamel the bathroom. Varnish for the floors. Wax for the floors. Paint the walls. Call for a demonstration.

ANDREWS, 1304 14th St. N. E.

Phone Main 5635.

NICHOLSON & CO.

Jas. E. Nicholson, Mgr.

1000 14th St. N. E.

Tents, Canvas, Cotton Duck and other goods.

Q. St. N. W. Hours: 11 a. m. to 7 p. m.

PALMISTRY

HAVE YOUR HAND READ BY MR. DAUDD, the well known scientific palmist. Readings, \$1.00. Phone North 1220. 1220 N. W. Q. St. N. W. Hours: 11 a. m. to 7 p. m.

TALK AT WHITE HOUSE

OF END OF CONGRESS

Prominent Senator Tells President Leaders Again Optimistic.

October 1.

Influential congressional callers at the White House today again were trying to fix upon a time when Congress may adjourn. None of them want to go on record in the newspapers as to a definite date, because of sad experiences in that direction recently, but one prominent senator told President Wilson that it is now hoped to get away from Washington October 1.

Until within the last few days Congress has been exceedingly pessimistic on the subject of adjournment, many predicting that there will be no adjournment; nothing but a recess around election time.

Hope Is to Adjourn

But the leaders are again becoming more optimistic, believing that necessary legislation will be put through and Congress give up work about October 1.

Senator Newlands, who is in charge of trust legislation in the Senate, spent an hour with President Wilson today trying to complete the Senate bill and put it in such shape as to get early action.

Ex-Gov. David R. Francis of Missouri, who was Secretary of the Interior under President Cleveland, has declined the offer to become the first ambassador of the United States to Argentina.

Mr. Francis, who made calls on the President and Secretary Bryan yesterday afternoon, told officials that his business required his presence in the United States.

RUSSIAN INFLIGHT

BEFORE AUSTRIANS, BEGAN ANNOUNCES

(Continued from First Page.)

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"Mounted officers arriving in St. Petersburg in relating their stories of the front dwell on the fear displayed by the Germans in the Russian cavalry."

"Military experts say the equipment of the Germans is excellent, and that their artillery is good, but that their rifle shooting is deficient as regards accuracy. They add that the Japanese were infinitely superior in this respect in the Russo-Japanese war and accomplished in an hour what the Germans would require a day to do."

"It is stated that in one case a Russian squadron charged a battery and captured all its guns. The German soldiers are said to have discarded their rifles and their officers to have thrown off their swords and even their helmets."

British Cool During Fighting.

The correspondent of the Central News at Paris sends the following:

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The shooting of the British infantrymen on the firing line was wonderful. Every time a German's head showed above a trench and every time the German infantry attempted to rush a position there came a steady, withering fire from the British snipers. The British snipers were firing from the trenches there were various sallies of humor in the dialects of the various English, Irish and Scotch soldiers. There were there with quips about 'Uncle Bill' and every Irishman who went into the firing line was given a good money to buy a little Irish horse so that he might 'take a slap at the 'Huns'."

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Meeting Held Last Night.

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Polio speeches pledging support to the fatherland in the struggle, commiseration for those suffering through the ravages of the war, and promising their best endeavors to protect the good name of Germany and uphold the justice of her cause, it was planned to hold a mass meeting in one of the local theaters.

Arrangements are to be made for the meeting within two weeks, and several members of Congress are said to have agreed to make speeches.

Plans for observing German day, which occurs in the first week of October, were deferred until the next meeting.

The meeting closed with an address by Nicholas Wiegand, in which he appealed to the members to be ready and willing in their help for the land of their birth as they would be in the defense of their adopted country. The singing of "Die Wacht am Rhein" and "The Star Spangled Banner" concluded the meeting.

BELGIANS PROTEST

"WAN ON WOMEN"

Minister Havenith Files Remonstrance Against German Bomb Throwing From Air.

BRYAN IS RETICENT IN DISCUSSING THE NOTE

Denies That Brand Whitlock Has Taken Active Notice of Zeppelin Attack on Antwerp.

E. Havenith, the Belgian minister, presented a protest at the State Department today against what he termed a war against women and children, citing the Zeppelin airship attack on Antwerp. Ten persons were killed, the minister stated, four of them women. Eight people were injured.

Secretary Bryan was very reticent in discussing the attitude of the United States toward such protests, and intimated that the State Department could take no action.

Reported activity of Brand Whitlock, the American minister, in officially protesting Germany was denied by Secretary Bryan.

Official dispatches to the Belgian legation confirmed the result of the engagement near Malines August 24 and 25. The Belgian army, the telegram stated, repulsed three divisions of Germans near Vilvorde, east of the railway from Antwerp to Brussels.

The text of the Belgian minister's protest was contained in the following telegram received by him from the Belgian minister of foreign affairs dated at Antwerp, August 25:

"During the night of the 24th to the 25th a dirigible balloon, Zeppelin, has flown over the city of Antwerp and has thrown successfully eight bombs of a great exploding strength. According to court there have been ten killed, all harmless civilians, among them four women; eight have been injured, of whom several mortally. One bomb has exploded above the palace where the queen and the royal children are living. The material damages are enormous. This bombardment constitutes a violation of article XXVI of the fourth convention of The Hague."

It is understood here that the German military leaders in the battles before Liege and other Belgian cities gave due notice of their intention to use airships, as is required by that article.

Namur News Received Here.

News of the victory of the German army at Namur and other points in Belgium where it had met the allied forces reached Washington through various official channels.

Justo Jusseland, the French ambassador, who paid his first visit to the State Department after his return from Belgium, thus summarized the fighting in Belgium, based on his dispatches:

"We did not succeed—that is true, but not of our reports as to our losses are exaggerated. Two of our divisions suffered, but the Germans suffered also, and the Prussian army in view of the possible failure, we chose a certain line of defense, and it was an offensive attack which failed, but we knew it might fail and provided our line of occupation. Our army is practically intact."

Advance on Paris Predicted.

The German embassy made public a dispatch said to have been received by wireless via Sayville, L. I., saying the greater part of the Belgian-French frontier was in German hands, and predicting a general advance toward Paris.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, and Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador, called at the State Department just as Mr. Jusseland was leaving. The three diplomats chatted in the diplomats' anteroom.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice has issued a statement disavowing with an interview attributed to Count Johann H. von Bernstorff, ambassador of Germany, given in New York.

This disagreement is couched in diplomatic language as follows:

"The ambassador says that he does not wish to enter into a conflict of fact with the German ambassador, but if the German ambassador can only say that this report differs materially from that of the British ambassador in Berlin."

Who Sought the War?

Count von Bernstorff is quoted as saying that England "sought and declared war with Germany," adding that she had arranged with France so that the latter country would be able to withdraw her entire fleet from the Atlantic seaboard and transfer it to the Mediterranean.

"But while this was known in the foreign office," Count von Bernstorff was quoted as saying, "it was not known among the German people, and when the news reached Berlin that Germany, besides fighting Russia and France, would also engage in a war with England, a feeling was aroused. A crowd gathered in the street before the British embassy and the windows of the embassy were opened and a lot of cigar boxes and other things were thrown down the street. Then for a moment the unruly crowd got control, and broke some of the windows of the embassy building was actually destroyed."

The British ambassador took exception to the account of the incident in front of the embassy in Berlin, making it absolutely clear that he felt to the contrary the statement that the officials of the embassy had thus insulted the crowd in Berlin.

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MAP SHOWING RUSSIAN ADVANCE ON GERMANY.



PORTIONS OF EAST PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA-HUNGARY HELD BY THE RUSSIANS

Deadly fire of British forces staggers surprised Germans.

English soldiers show wonderful coolness and daring—joke as they take positions in battle.

LONDON, August 26 (6:12 a.m.).—Returning from the front, a correspondent of the Times sends the following under Paris date: "At Mons the English troops made themselves at home. Preparations for the city's defense were extremely comforting in their workmanlike detail. In the woods lurked innumerable field guns. Everywhere in the town confidence was dominant."

"With heavy firing audible in the distance British troops sat quietly on the banks of the canal, calmly fishing with bayonetted rifles as fishing rods, and this spectacle inspired confidence even though from all directions the presence of the dreaded German cavalry was reported."

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